WITTENBERG UNIVERSIT Y DEFINED CONTRIBUTI ON RETIREMENT PLAN

SUMMARY PLAN DESCRIPTION

Reclassified Employee

Regardless of the above, if it is determined that your Employeneously classified you as a nomployee and you should have been treated as an Employee, you are not entitled to participate in the Plan.

How is my service determined forpurposes of Plan eligibility?

Year of Service.

ARTICLE II EMPLOYEE CONTRIBUTIONS

What are elective deferrals and how do I contribute them to the Plan?

Elective Deferrals. As a Participant under the Plan, you may elect to reduce your compensation by a specific percentage and have that amount contributed to the Plan as the deferral. There are two types of elective deferrals. The deferrals and Roth Deferrals and Roth Deferrals. For purposes of this PD, "elective deferrals" generally means both. Pass Deferrals and Roth Deferrals. Regardless of the type of elective deferral you make, the amount you defer is counted as compensation for purposes of Social Security taxes.

Pre-Tax Deferrals. If you elect to make Pre-ax Deferrals, then your taxable income is reduced by the deferral contributions so you pay less infederal income taxes. Later, when the Plan distributes the deferrals and earnings, you will pay the taxes on those deferrals and the earnings. Therefore, with a-Prex Deferral, federal income taxes on the elective deferral contributions and on the elective are only postponed. Eventually, you will have to pay taxes on these amounts.

Roth Deferrals. If you elect to make Roth Deferrals, the elective deferrals are subject to federal income taxes in the year of elective deferral. However, the elective deferrand, in certain cases, the earnings on the elective deferrals are not subject to federal income taxes when distributed to you. In order for the earnings to be tax free, you must meet certain conditions. See "Whæt are my t consequences when I receive istribution from the Plan?" below.

You will always be 100% vested in your elective deferrals (see the Article i6 PtDsentitled "Vesting").

Elective Deferral procedure. The amount you elect to defer will be deducted from your pay in accordance with a procedure established by the Plan Administrator you may elect to defer a portion of your compensation payable on or after your Entry Date. Such election will become effective as soon as administratively feasible after it is received by the Plan Administrator. Your election will gemein in effect until you modify or terminate it.

Elective Deferral modifications. You may revoke or make modifications to your salary deferral election in accordance with procedures that the Employer provides. See the Plan Administrator for further information.

Elective Deferral Limit. As a Participant, you may elect to deserve centage of your compensation each year instead of receiving that amount in cash. Your total elective deferrals in texable year cannot exceed a dollar limit which is set by law. The lim2016 is \$19,000 After 2019, the dollar limit may increase for cost-living adjustments. See the paragraph below on Annual dollar limit.

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limit is exceeded, then the excess must be returned to youentordvoid adverse tax consequences. For this reason, it is desirable to request in writing that any such excess salary deferral amounts and "patchtributions" be returned to you.

If you are in more than one plan, you must decide which plan or arrangement you would like to return the excess. If you have been excess should be distributed from this Plan, you must communicate this in writing to the Plan Administratothamlate March 1st following the close of the calendar year in which such excess deferrals were made. However, if the entire dollar lighted exchis Plan or any other plan the Employer maintains, then you will be deemed to have notified the filtristrator of the excess. The Plan Administrator will then return the excess deferral and any earnings to you by April 15th.

What are rollover contributions?

Rollover contributions. Subject to the provisions of your investment arrangements and at the discretion of the Plan Administrator, if you area Participant in the Planou might be permitted to deposit into the Plan distributions you have receivedthemplans and certain IRAs. Such a deposit is called a "rollover" contribution and might result in tax savings to you. You nthay Blan Administrator of the otherplan or the trustee or custodian of the IRAdirectly transfer (a "direct rollover") to this Plan all or a portion of any amount that you are entitled to receive as a distribution from such plan. Alternatively, you may elect to deposit any amblentæbig rolled over within 60 days of your receipt of the distribution. You should consult qualified counsel to determine if a rollover is in youterleast.

Rollover account. Your rollover contribution will be accounted for in a "rollover accountous will always be 100% vested in your "rollover account" (see the Article in the Dentitled "Vesting"). Rollover contributions will be affected by any investment gains or losses In addition, any Roth deferrals that are accepted as rollovers lating will be accounted for separately.

Withdrawal of rollover contributions. You may withdraw the amounts in your "rollover accountains) time

ARTICLE III EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

This Article describes Employer contributions that the made to the Plan and how your share of the contributions is determined.

What is the Employer matching contribution and how is it allocated?

Amounts taken into account. Matching contributions are only based on your tax deferrals

Matching Contribution. Each payroll period, themployer might make a discretionary matching contribution equalutoiform percentage or dollar amount your elective deferrals Each year, the Employer will determine the formula for the discretionary matching contribution.

Allocation conditions. You will always share in the matching contribution regardless of the amount of service you complete during the Plan Year.

What is the Employer nonelective contribution and how is itallocated?

Nonelective contribution. Each year, the Employer might make a discretionary nonelective tribution to the Plan. Your share of any contribution is determined below.

Allocation conditions. You will always share in the nonelective contribution regardless of the anoths were you complete during the Plan Year.

Your share of the contribution. The nonelective contribution will be "allocated" or divided among Participants eligible to share in the contribution for the Plan Year.

Your share of the nonelective contribution will be determined by the formula for making that contribution.

ARTICLE IV COMPENSATION AND ACCOUNT BALANCE

What compensation is used to determine my Plan benefits?

Definition of compensation. Compensation is defined sase wages plus overtime. For support staff employees, Compensation shall include otherwise eligible amounts Compensation included in such person's first pay as a Participant, notwithstanding the fact that such amounts may have been accrued prior to the first day in which such person became a Participality wing describes the adjustments to compensation that apply for the contributions noted above.

You should remember that the amount of your benefits under the Plan will depend in part upon you

Additional in -service provisions. The following in

Unmarried Participant. If you are not maied, you may designate a beneficiary of your choosing.

No beneficiary designation. Subject to the terms of the investment arrangements, at the time of your deauth aive not designated a beneficiary or the individual named as your beneficiary is not alive, then the death benefit will be paid in the followwing positionity to:

The Beneficiary shall be the Participant's spouse unless the spouse consentset (Beanediciary in accordance with provisions similar to Section 6.04(A)(7). If the Participant fails to designate a Beneficiary or if all designated beneficiaries predece as representative or her Beneficiary shall be determined in the following ord(e) the Participant's spouse or, (b) if the spouse is not alive at the time of the Participant's death, the personal representative of the Participant's estate. If the Beneficiary dies after the Patricipant the complete distribution of the Beneficiary's Accumulation Account, the remaining portion of the Beneficiary's Accumulation Account shall be payable to the Beneficiary's designated Beneficiary or, if none, to the personal representative of the designater Beneficiary or, if none, to the personal representative of the designater of the design

How will the death benefit be paid to my beneficiary?

Mandatory annuity distribution (subject to waiver). If the death benefit does not exceed \$5,000, then the benefit may only be paid as a lump-sum. If you are married at the time of your death and the death benefit exceeds \$5,000, then the death wild the prize idea to your spouse in the form of a qualified annuity as described above under "Who is the beneficiary of my death benefit?", and systyou spouse waive the qualified annuity. If the qualified annuity applies, the Plan will purchase (Weindy) your account, an annuity contract providing for payments over the life of your spouse. The size of the monthly payments will depend on the value of your death.

Waiver of annuity. You and your spouse may waive thualified annuity form of distribution. Generally, the period during which you and your spouse may waive the annuity begins as of the first day of the Plan Year in which you reach age 35 and ends whith explanation Administrator must provide you with detailed explanation of the annuity. This explanation must generally be given to you during the period of time beginning on the first day of the Plan Year in which you will reach age 32 and ending on the first day of the Plan Year in which you reach age

ARTICLE IX

The nameaddress and business telephone number Plan's Administrator are:

Contact: Wittenberg University
Address: 200 West Ward Street
Springfield Ohio 455010720
Telephone: (937) 3277517

APPENDIX PLAN LOAN POLICY

To the extent permitted by the Investment Arrangements in which the Plan assets are invite the extent permitted by the Investment Arrangements in which the Plan assets are invite the extent permitted by the Investment Arrangements in which the Plan assets are invited by the Investment Arrangements in which the Plan assets are invited by the Investment Arrangements in which the Plan assets are invited by the Investment Arrangements in which the Plan assets are invited by the Investment Arrangements in which the Plan assets are invited by the Investment Arrangements in which the Plan assets are invited by the Investment Arrangements in which the Plan assets are invited by the Investment Arrangements in which the Plan assets are invited by the Investment Arrangements in the Investment Arrangements in the Investment Arrangements in the Investment Arrangement Arrangements in the Investment Arrangement Arrangem	fined Contribution
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